I. Gender Inequality

A. Gender: Definition

1. Sex is biological

2. Gender is social

a. social roles

b. behavioral norms

c. personality traits

d. power relationships

3. Sociological argument

a. change over time: 1950s vs present

b. cross cultural comparison: Margaret Mead

c. differences in race and ethnicity

B. Gender socialization

1. Socialization

a. parents

i. before birth

ii. babies: perception? projection?

b. play

c. toys

d. teachers

e. media: magazines, tv shows

i. adolescents

ii. teens

iii. adults

f. advertising

g. social interaction

i. groups

ii. walking

iii. sitting

iv. language

h. women in the media

i. social roles?

j. personality traits?

k. behavioral norms?

4. Segregation

a. occupational

i. types of jobs:

pink collar

sales and service

domestic

nurses

librarians

elementary teachers

ii. management

iii. professionals

iii. glass ceiling

b. results

i. income

ii. income and discrimination

ii. education and income

5. women and health care

C. Benefit?

1. employers

2. family and economy: unpaid domestic labor

D. Power and sex

1. sexual harassment: workplace

a. touching

b. staring at or making jokes about a woman’s body

c. nonreciprocated requests for sexual intercourse

2. US is number 1 reported rape

a. only 5% reported

b. US Senate report: 98% of victims will see no justice:

no arrest, no prosecution, no sentence

3. Women in the military: high rates

a. sexual harassment

b. rape and sexual assault

4. Criminal justice system: most unfounded violent crime

a. provocative behavior

b. knowing the victim

c. assumed the risk

d. not putting up resistance

e. rape shield laws fail 90% of time, work for rapist